П.	Research	Antitude
BB .	IXCSCAL CH	Abuuut

1.	A researcher is generally expected to: (A) Study the existing literature in a field (B) Generate new principles and theories (C) Synthesize the ideas given by others (D) Evaluate the findings of a study.	
2.	One of the essential characteristics of research is: (A) Replicability (B) Generalizability (C) Usability (D) Objectivity	Key: (B
		Key: (D)
3.	The Government of India conducts Census after every 10 years. of research used in this process is: (A) Case study (B) Developmental (C) Survey (D) Experimental	The method
		Key : (C)
4.	An academic association assembled at one place to discuss the prowork and future plans. Such an assembly is known as a (A) Conference (B) Seminar (C) Workshop (D) Symposium	ogress of its Key:(A)
5.	An investigator studied the census data for a given area and preparup based on them. Such a write-up is called: (A) Research paper (B) Article (C) Thesis	,
	(D) Research report	
		Key : (B)

III. Reading Comprehension

Read the following passage and answer the question Nos. 1 to 5

The Constitution guarantees every citizen the fundamental right to equality. Yet after 50 years of independence, just one perusal of the female infant mortality figures, the literacy rates and the employment opportunities for women is sufficient evidence that discrimination exists. Almost predictably, this gender, bias is evident in our political system as well. In the 13th Lok Sabha, there were only 43 women MPs out of a total of 543; it is not a surprising figure, for never has women's representation in Parliament been more than 10 per cent.

Historically, the manifestos of major political parties have always encouraged women's participation. It has been merely a charade. So, women's organizations, denied a place on merit, opted for the last resort: a reservation of seats for women in parliament and State Assemblies. Parties, which look at everything with a vote bank in mind, seemed to endorse this. Alas, this too was a mirage.

But there is another aspect also. At a time when caste is the trump card, some politicians want the bill to include further quotas for women from among minorities and backward castes. There is more to it. A survey shows that there is a general antipathy towards the bill. It is actually a classic case of doublespeak: in public, politicians were endorsing women's reservation but in the backrooms of Parliament, they were busy sabotaging it. The reasons are clear: Men just don't want to vacate their seats of power.

- 1. The problem raised in the passage reflects badly on our
 - A) Political system
 - B) Social behaviour
 - C) Individual behaviour
 - D) Behaviour of a group of people

Key: (B)

- 2. According to the passage, political parties have mostly in mind
 - A) Economic prosperity
 - B) Vote bank
 - C) People' welfare
 - D) Patriotism

Key: (B)

- 3. "Trump Card" means
 - A) Trying to move a dead horse
 - B) Playing the card cautiously
 - C) Sabotaging all the moves by others
 - D) Making the final jolt for success

4.	The sentence "Men just don't want to vacate their seats of power" implies A) Lust for power B) Desire to serve the nation C) Conviction in one's own political abilities D) Political corruption Key: (A)
5.	What is the percentage of women in the Lok Sabha
	A) 10
	B) 7.91
	C) 43 D) 9.1
	Key: (B)
C	ommunication
<u></u>	<u>minum (cation</u>
1.	Informal communication network within the organization is known as (A) Interpersonal communication (B) Intrapersonal Communication (C) Mass Communication (D) Grapevine Communication
	Key : (D)
2.	TV Channel launched for covering only Engineering and Technology subjects is known as (A) Gyan Darshan (B) Vyas (C) Eklavya (D) Kisan
2	Key: (C)
۵,	In which state the maximum number of periodicals are brought out for public information: (A) Uttar Pradesh (B) Tamil Nadu (C) Kerala (D) Punjab
4	Key: (C)
4.	The main objective of public broadcasting system i.e. Prasar Bharti is

- (A) Inform, Entertainment & Education
- (B) Entertain, Information & Interaction
- (C) Educate, Interact & entertain
- (D) Entertainment only

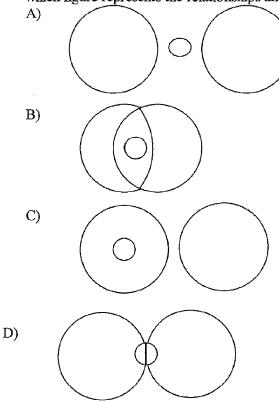
IV.

Key: (A)

	 5. The competerrcy of an effective communicator can be judged or of: (A) Personality of communicator (B) Experience in the field (C) Interactivity with target audience (D) Meeting the needs of target audience. 	the basis Key: (D)
V.	Reasoning (Including Mathematical)	Key: (D)
1.	Which one of the following belongs to the category of homogeneous (A) Multi-storeyed houses in a colony. (B) Trees in a garden (C) Vehicular traffic on a highway (D) Student population in a class.	
2.	In which of the following ways a theory is not different from a belief? (A) Antecedent – consequent (B) Acceptability (C) Verifiability (D) Demonstratability	
3.	The state – "Honesty is the best policy" is (A) A fact (B) An value (C) An opinion (D) A value judgement	Key: (B) Key: (D)
4.	Which one is like pillar, pole and standard? (A) Beam (B) Plank (C) Shaft (D) Timber	,
5.	Following incomplete series is presented. Find out the number which come at the place of question mark which will complete the series: 4,16,36,64? (A) 300 (B) 200 (C) 100 (D) 150	Key : (A)
		Key: (A)

VI. Logical Reasoning

 The following question is based on the diagram given below. If the two big circles represent animals living on soil and those living in water, and the small circle stands for the animals who both live on soil and in water, which figure represents the relationships among them.



Key: (D)

- 2. Of the following statements, there are two statements both of which cannot be true but both can be false. Which are these two statements?
 - i) All machines make noise
 - ii) Some machines are noisy
 - iii) No machine makes noise
 - iv) Some machines are not noisy
 - (A)(i) and (ii)
 - (B) (iii) and (iv)
 - (C) (i) and (iii)
 - (D)(ii) and (iv)

Key: (C)

3. In the following question a statement is followed by two assumptions (i) and (ii). An assumption is something supposed or taken for granted. Consider the statement and the following assumptions and decide which of the following assumptions is implicit in the statement.

Statement: We need not worry about errors but must try to learn from our errors.

Assumptions: i) Errors may take place when we are carrying out certain work.

- ii) We are capable of benefiting from the past and improve our chances of error-free work.
- A) Only assumption (i) is implicit
- B) Only assumption (ii) is implicit
- C) Either assumption (i) or (ii) is implicit
- D) Both the assumptions are implicit

Key: (D)

4. The question below is followed by two arguments numbered (i) and (ii). Decide which of the arguments is 'strong' and which is 'weak'. Choose the correct answer from the given below:

(A)(B)(C)(D)

Should the press exercise some self-restraint?

- Yes, they should not publish news items which may incite the readers to indulge in wrong practices.
- ii) No, it is the responsibility of the press to present the truth irrespective of the consequences.
 - A) Only the argument (i) is strong.
 - B) Only the argument (ii) is strong
 - C) Neither argument (i) nor argument (ii) is strong
 - D) Both the arguments (i) and (ii) are strong

Key: (A)

5. Study the argument and the inference drawn from that argument, given below carefully.

Argument: Anything that goes up definitely falls down. Helicopter goes up.

Inference: So the helicopter will definitely fall down.

What in your opinion is the inference drawn from the argument?

- A) Valid
- B) Invalid
- C) Doubtful
- D) Long drawn one

VII. **Data Interpretation**

Four students W,X,Y,Z appeared in four papers, I,II,III and IV in a test. Their scores out of 100 are given below:

Students	Papers			
Students	I	II	III	IV
W	60	81	45	55
X	59	43	51	A
Y	74	A	71	65
Z	72	76	A	68

ĺ	X	59	43	51	Α
	Y	74	A	71	65
	Z	72	76	A	68
			'stands for abs		
Re	ad the above tab	le and answer be	low mentioned	questions i-v.	

1.		e has secured be	tween 60-65%	marks in aggrega	te
	A) W				
	B) X				
	C) Y				
	D) Z				
_			_		Key: (A)
2.	Who has obtain	ed the lowest av	erage in aggreg	gate	
	A) W				
	B) X				
	C) Y				
	D) Z				
_					Key: (B)
3.	Who has obtained	ed the highest av	erage/		
	A) W				
	B) X				
	C) Y				
	D) Z				
					Key: (A)
	~				
4.		the lowest marks	s were obtained	by the candidates	S
	A) I				
	B) II				
	C) III				
	D) IV				
	****				Key : (B)
5.		e has secured the	highest percer	itage in the paper:	S
	appeared				

- W X Y Z A) B) C)
- D)

VIII. Information and Communication Technology (ICT)

1.	ICT stands for (A) Information common technology (B) Information and communication technology (C) Information and computer technology (D) Inter connected technology	
	(D) fine Commercial technology	Key: (B)
2.	Computer can (A) Process both quantitative and qualitative information. (B) Store huge information (C) Process information and fast accurately (D) All the above.	
3.	Satellite Communication works through	Key : (D)
	(A) Radar (B) Transponder (C) Receptor (D) Transmitter	Vor. (D)
4.	definition of computer is (A) Correct (B) Incorrect (C) Partially correct	Key: (B) This
5.	(D) None of the above. Information and communication technology includes (A) E-mail	Key : (A)
	(B) Internet (C) Educational television (D) All the above.	Key : (D)
	People and Environment	

IX.

- 1. It is believed that our globe is warming progressively. This global warming will eventually result in.
 - (A) increase in availability of usable land.
 - (B) uniformity of climate at equator and poles.
 - (C) Fall in the sea level
 - (D) melting of polar ice.

	2.	In which parts of India ground water is affected with arsenic contamt (A) Haryana (B) Andhra Pradesh (C) Sikkim	ination?
	3.	(D) West Bengal Sunderban in Hooghly delta is known for (A) Grasslands (B) Conifers (C) Mangroves (D) Arid forests	Key : (D)
	4.	Sardar Sarover dam is located on the river (A) Ganga (B) Godavari (C) Mahanadi (D) Narmada	Key : (C)
	5.	Which one of the following trees has medicinal value? (A) Pine (B) Teak (C) Neem (D) Oak	• ()
X.		Higher Education System: Governance, Polity And Administra	Key : (C)
	1.	Which one of the following is not considered a part of technical educ India: (A) Medical (B) Management (C) Pharmaceutical (D) Aeronautical	
		Which of the following is a Central university (A) Mumbai University (B) Calcutta University (C) Delhi University (D) Madras University	
		10	Key: (C)

3.	Identify (A) (B) (C) (D)	Supremacy of Parliament Supremacy of Judiciary	mentar slature	y System oper	ates. Key:(A)
4.	The res	ervation of seats for women in the Panc	havat	Rai Institution	s is:
	A)	30% of the total seats	· inity the	ray monator	J 1D.
	B)	33% of the total seats			
	C)	33% of the total population			
	D)	In proportion to their population.			
					Key: (B)
5. bel	Match low:	list I with list II and select the correct ar	nswer i	from the code	given
		LIST I (Institutions)	LIST	Γ II (LOCATI	ONS)
	1) Indi	an Veterinary Research Institute	i)	Pune	0110)
	2) Inst	itute of Armament Technology	ii)	Izat Nagar	
		an Institute of Science	iii)	Delhi	
		ional Institute for Educational Pannesi	iv)	Bangalore	
	And	l Administrators			
	A)	1(ii), 2(i) 3(iv), 4(iii)			
	B)	1(ii), 2(iv) 3(ii), 4(iii)			
	C)	1(ii), 2(iii) 3(i), 4(iv)			
	D)	1(iv), 2(iii) 3(ii), 4(i)			

Key: (A)